

SOCIOLOGY 12th Important Questions

- Q1) Theories of Population (Malthus & Demographic Transition Theory)
- Q2) Communalism & Regionalism as a challenge to National Integration
What are hurdles ^{or} in national integration
- Q3) National Population of India (2011) & Objectives
- Q4) Panchayati Raj Institution & Effects of 73rd Amendment Act.
(Its powers, structure & responsibilities)
- Q5) Land Reforms with special reference to T & R. & Zamindari System
- Q6) Discuss caste as discriminatory practice in India (Casteism)
- Q7) Role of media in ^{eco} health care (sensitisation).
- Q8) Merits & Demerits of Social Media ^{or} (+ve or -ve impacts of Mass communication).
- Q9) Globalisation & Its types.
- Q10) Modernisation as a social change ^{or} Social change has been brought by Modernisation
- Q11) Green Revolution, Its significance, Effects (consequences).
- Q12) Class Movement (Peasant Movement).
- Q13) Observation method (types) & Interview method.
- Q14) Rural Society & Its features
- Q15) Tribals, Problems faced by them & ^{their} marginalisation
- Q16) Social Research, Importance & Goals.

SOME EXTRA QUESTIONS + SHORT & V. SHORT

- 1) Concept of population grows in geometric ratio ^{* (this Q is same as Malthusian theory (Q1))} & resources in Arithmetic ratio
 - 2) Ecological / Environmental Movement in India (any one)
 - 3) What is Social Exclusion & How does it lead to untouchability?
 - 4) Family, Marriage & Their types.
 - 5) ^{Struggle for} women's equality & rights.
- V. SHORT (1-2 lines).
- DEFINE: Modernisation, Globalisation, Minority Commission, International NGOs, Reformist Social movement, Sanskritisation, Sampling method, Gender Sensitisation, MNC's, TNC's, Class movement, Social exclusion, Stratified sampling, Sampling, Counter Movements, Weightless economy, features of modernity